大同大學 107 學年度 (暑)轉學入學考試試題

考試科目:英文(含英文作文) 系別:應用外語學系

第1頁

註:本次考試 不可以參考自己的書籍及筆記; 不可以使用字典; 不可以使用計算器。

Part One:	MULTIPLE	CHOICE 60%

I.	Vocabulary (Questions 1-	-10)				
1.7		travel to countries where (B) shoplifters	is prevalent. (C) violent	(D) xenophobia		
2.		you said. You had better tell (B) subterfuge		or deception. (D) integrity		
3.	After teaching Nina for the (A) latent	nree months, Jim recognized h (B) competition		couraged her to develop it. (D) well-known		
4.	The intern's tenth latenes (A) chance	s was the last; the next d (B) straw	ay the employer sent her a dis (C) excuse	smissal notice. (D) tolerance		
5.	Monkeys are hard to kill, (A) decimated	but their populations can be _ (B) determined	by the same bacterial pla	gues that can destroy human beings. (D) overtaken		
6.		by a review in New Yor (B) friendly	k Times that remarked his late (C) hostile	est novel as "mediocre." (D) enthusiastic		
7.		on global carbaon dioxide em (B) multilateral	ssions signed by Great Britain (C) polyglot	, Japan, Germany, and France. (D) multicultural		
8.	When your skin cracks, it (A) prone	t can get red and inflamed, lea (B) exposure		(D) succumb		
9.	9. In the U.S. the that resulted from school shootings in the past two decades only confirm that gun violence will happen					
	over and over again.	(B) fatalities	(C) disaster	(D) homicide		
10	. It is very likely that hand (A) overreact	icapped people might the (B) overcharge	eir bodies when trying to attai (C) overcome	n their physical independence. (D) overtax		
II.	Close Test (Questions 11-	-20)				
M	eg an exchange student fro	m Tatung University. 11	to Germany for a student exc	hange program two months ago.		
				derful time on this trip to Paris. It all		
				the other night. In fact, the 16 of		
				between 4 and 6 million rats in Paris.		
				ps, rats seems to be more 18 and		
		ave their holes 20 food, s				
	. (A) goes	(B) went	(C) has gone to	(D) has been to		
	. (A) has	(B) is having	(C) has had	(D) had		
13	. (A) does not have	(B) is not having	(C) has not had	(D) had		
14	. (A) terrified	(B) terrifying	(C) terror	(D) terrorist		
15	. (A) self-cook	(B) self-served	(C) self-catered	(D) self-catering		
16	. (A) proportion	(B) proliferation	(C) calculation	(D) increasing		
17	. (A) is	(B) was	(C) has been	(D) had been		
18	. (A) abundant	(B) vigilant	(C) vulnerable	(D) fastidious		
19	. (A) fear	(B) fearful	(C) scary	(D) formidable		
20	. (A) look for	(B) searching	(C) in search of	(D) quest for		

III. Reading Comprehension (Questions 21-25)

I was addressing a small gathering in a suburban Virginia living room--a women's group that had invited men to join them. Throughout the evening, one man had been particularly talkative, frequently offering ideas and anecdotes, while his wife sat silently beside him on the couch. Toward the end of the evening, I commented that women frequently complain that their husbands don't talk to them. This man quickly concurred. He gestured toward his wife and said, "She's the talker in our family." The room burst into laughter; the man looked puzzled and hurt. "It's true," he explained. "When I come home from work, I have nothing to say. If she didn't keep the conversation going, we'd spend the whole evening in silence." This episode crystallizes the irony that although American men tend to talk more than women in public situations, they often talk less at home. Ultimately, this pattern is wreaking havoc with marriage because most wives want their husbands to be, first and foremost, conversational parterners, but few husbands share this expectation of their wives.

 (A) Women talk more at home than most men. (B) Men talk more on public occasions than women. (C) A feminist scholar is invited to give a talk on the differences between men and women. (D) Failed conversation between men and women is detrimental to marriages in the U.S.
 22. Why did people in the room laugh? (A) The husband was telling a joke. (B) What the husband said is the opposite of what he did. (C) The speaker made the audience laugh. (D) They were showing courtesy.
23. What does "concur" mean in the paragraph? (A) agree (B) confer (C) protest (D) complain
 24. What is suggested by the husband's confusion about people's laughter? (A) He understood perfectly why people laughed. (B) He felt he was not welcomed in the gathering. (C) His explanation sounds even more ironical in the situation. (D) He tried to cover his embarrassment with more talking.
 25. According to the pararagraph, which of the following is true? (A) Many husbands expect their wives to be their conversational partners. (B) Many wives complain that their husbands only talk to their pals, so that they have to constantly find something to talk their husbands. (C) The scenario of a silent husband and a talkative wife at home reflects a fundamental difference between men and women. (D) A good title of the paragraph is "Men Just Don't Understand."
IV. Identify the incorrect parts by choosing the representative letters beneath them and then give your corrections (e.g. We have been receiving a great deal of complaints. The correct answer: C, a great number of). (Questions 26-30) A B C D
26. College <u>students</u> are allowed to <u>estimate</u> their teachers' performance and <u>effectiveness</u> in the classroom. A B C D
27. As a social freshman, I am ready to take up any challenges ahead of me. A B C D
28. Tom had to stay up lately because he wanted to get his work done.
A B C D 29. My prediction is that Germany can win over South Korea in the friendly match.
A B C D
30. I wonder that A B C D
Part Two: PARAGRAPH WRITING 40% Write a paragraph containing 200 words or so.
College students who work on group projects would sometimes come across one or two free riders in their groups who would

like to get credits without making any efforts. What is your opinion of these free riders?