

大同大學 九十 學年度 轉學考試 試題

考試科目：資料結構 系別：資訊工程學系

級別：三年級 第 1 頁，共 1 頁

註：本次考試不可以參考自己的書籍及筆記； 不可以使用字典； 不可以使用計算器。

1. (a) What are the differences between a list and an array? (6%)

(b) What are the differences between a queue and a stack? (6%)

(c) What are the differences between a binary search tree and an AVL(height balance) tree? (6%)

2. Consider the function $f(n)$ defined as follows, where n is a nonnegative integer :

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} n & \text{if } n \leq 1; \\ n + f(n/2) & \text{if } n \text{ is even and } n > 1; \\ f((n+1)/2) + f((n-1)/2) & \text{if } n \text{ is odd and } n > 1 \end{cases}$$

$f(n) \neq 0$
 $\{ \text{if } (n \leq 1) \text{ return } (n);$
 $\text{else if } (n \% 2 == 0) \& \& n > 1 \}$
 $\text{return } (n + f(n/2));$
 $\text{else return } (f((n+1)/2) + f((n-1)/2));$

(a) Write a recursive C function to compute $f(n)$.

(b) Draw the recursion tree and calculate the value of $f(6)$.

How many calls of $f(n)$ and how many additions are required in order to calculate $f(6)$.

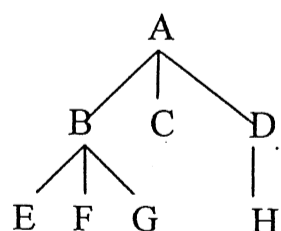
3. Applying the preorder traversal algorithm to a certain binary search tree produces the node ordering : 50, 20, 10, 40, 30, 70, 60, 80, 90

(a) Construct and draw the binary search tree. (6%)

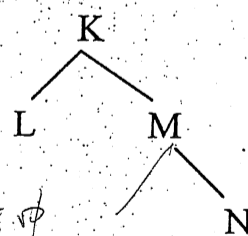
(b) List the node ordering under postorder traversal. (6%)

(c) Add threads to the tree of (a) and draw the resulting threaded binary search tree. (6%)

4. For the forest shown below :



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(a) Find its binary tree representation under natural correspondence. (6%)

(b) List the node ordering under postorder traversal. (8%)

5. (a) Explain the term "Heap".

(b) Use an example to explain the idea of heapsort.

6. (a) Draw an example diagram for the circular doubly linked list structure. (6%)

(b) Give an application example of circular doubly linked list. (You should state why this structure is used.) (10%)